



MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 13, 1902

ANOTHER TERRIBLE deed is reported, this time from Lynchburg, where a young white woman was brutally treated and an attempt made by a negro fiend to kill her by cutting her throat. His victim, sorely wounded, barely escaped with her life. The perpetrator of the heinous crime was being paid by white people as janitor of a school. Such occurrences, which show no material diminution, are peculiarly exasperating and the fiends who precipitate the excitements which follow their acts can expect no mercy from the hands of an outraged community. The brute who committed this last act against the laws of God and man has been captured and is now behind the bars of a jail in a neighboring city, while a young wife with her jugular vein nearly severed and prostrated by the excitement incident to the cruel treatment she received, lies at home in a critical condition of soul and body. The negro seems at times to be the natural-born enemy of the white race among whom his lot is cast. He has been given his freedom, been educated at the public expense and accorded all rights of citizenship, but his fiendish nature is unchanged, and when opportunity offers his enmity is ever manifest toward those who persist in murdering him.

COL. A. K. McCLURE in an interesting and intended to be complimentary article on General Robert E. Lee says: "It seems to be well established that Lee considered the question of accepting the command of the union army, until Virginia seceded and joined the Confederacy." This is too late now to raise any question as to Gen. Lee's love for and fidelity to the South, for nothing is better known and established than that the instant Gen. Lee was offered the command of the union army he declined it and positively stated that he would never draw his sword against his State; moreover on the very morning following the evening on which he heard that Virginia had voted to secede, he sent, by special messenger, his resignation as an officer in the union army to Gen. Scott and asked him to recommend its acceptance. This action Gen. Lee's personal friends know he took without consulting any one and only informed his own family of what he had done after he had dispatched his letter. All southern people know that Gen. Lee did not "consider" the question of accepting the command of the union army and if northern people choose to believe any such thing, why, it is of no consequence.

THE NORTHERN press, with few exceptions, has had but little to say about the enormous drain upon the public treasury to pay pension claims, for the reason, supposedly, that of the vast amount paid out annually, most of the money, though collected by taxation, from all over the United States goes to enrich the North. But the pension burden is becoming so heavy and the prospect of a lightning thereof so remote that some of the papers in that section are beginning to grow restless and in this connection the Philadelphia Record says: "After the war are over comes pay day; and pay days are as ten to one of the war days. The fighting in the civil war ended thirty-six years ago, but the commissioner of pension has asked congress for \$188,500,000 to foot the pension bill for the coming fiscal year."

THE Hepburn canal bill, which passed the House last week and which provides for the construction of an inter-oceanic canal via the Nicaragua route, will, and should, be carefully considered by the Senate before definite action is taken by that body. All familiar with the subject admit that the Panama is the shorter, cheaper and better route, and this fact becomes more and more apparent, as effort is being made to offset it by the schemers for the longer and more expensive route who say a clear title cannot be given for their property by the Panama people. Such talk is but nonsense, for all reasonable people know that every shareholder in the Panama company would sell his stock for little rather than lose it altogether, as would most likely be the case if this government did not become the purchaser of the partially completed canal. The question of building an inter-oceanic canal has been discussed for many years and undue haste in selecting the longer and more expensive of the two routes proposed should be frowned upon and in every way discouraged. The matter of harbors at either entrance should also be given careful attention. The commission which has reported on the subject states that the canal via the Panama route would have natural and fine harbors, at its entrances in both the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, while harbors would have to be constructed at great expense in both oceans if the Nicaragua route is selected. This matter alone should be given careful consideration, for it must be remembered that a harbor is made in the open ocean, the cost of maintaining such harbor would be great and perpetual.

Headquarters will be opened by the United States senatorial candidates in Trenton, N. J., tonight, and from now until after the successor to Gen. Wm. J. Sewell is named, two weeks from tomorrow, Trenton promises to be the scene of much political animation.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)
Washington, January 13.
Congressman Crumpacker of Indiana introduced a bill today making it a crime punishable by death or life imprisonment to lynch an alien, a crime punishable by fine from five to ten years imprisonment to conspire to lynch him, said crimes to be tried in a United States court. This is done to meet the demands of foreign governments which cannot now deal with the United States government direct in crimes of this character.

A meeting was held last night of republican congressmen favoring an unconditional repeal of the war tax law and it was decided to demand a caucus to consider the bill to this effect introduced by Congressman Bartholdt of St. Louis. These prominent in the movement are considering a petition calling for a caucus on Wednesday evening.

Monsieur Lampré and Bouffé, representing the Panama Canal Company, again appeared before the Senate committee on inter-oceanic canals this morning. They were examined further on the question of title &c. Senator Morgan said that he would not give 37 cents for the Panama property. Other Senators say if it can be proved that the company is able to turn over to the United States a clear title they would be willing to consider its purchase. In order to allow M. Lampré to further explain the matter of title the committee decided to give him another hearing tomorrow.

The House Committee on Appropriations today side-tracked the District of Columbia Appropriation bill for the present and took up the urgent deficiency bill because of the urgency of some of the appropriations desired. The estimates for the bill aggregate \$4,334,008. It is the purpose of the committee to have the bill ready for the House the latter part of this week. The largest item is for the Treasury Department, \$3,120,000.

Those who knew Senator Vest a few years ago and have not seen him since would hardly recognize him now. He has grown old and infirm and today had to be assisted to his seat in the Senate by an attendant.

The President today sent to the Senate the nomination of James W. Elliott to be collector of customs at Newport News, Va. This is regarded as a victory for the "organization" in Virginia as Mr. J. S. Wise, now of New York, opposed Mr. Elliott's reappointment.

When Congress met today not half of the Senators were in their seats, while in the House fully two-thirds of the seats were empty. Most of the Virginia delegates were present. Nothing was done here but the war tax bill for the day.

A meeting of the Isthmian Canal Commission will be held here on Thursday to consider and pass upon the recent proposition of the Panama Canal Company.

Andrew Joseph Chase was an early morning caller at the White House today. He called to bid the President good bye previous to his departure for England.

The Supreme Court of the United States today considered the case of the State of Minnesota against the Northern Securities Company on Monday, January 27.

Congressman Henry Payne arrived in Washington last night and will stay at the Arlington Hotel and will qualify as soon as possible. He denied an unauthorized interview published that he was in favor of paying postage. He said that he had not considered changes among the senators at the time of his appointment.

Postmaster General Smith arrived in Washington today and will stay at the Arlington Hotel and will qualify as soon as possible. He denied an unauthorized interview published that he was in favor of paying postage. He said that he had not considered changes among the senators at the time of his appointment.

THE HOUSE committee on rivers and harbors considered two important matters today, one pertaining to a ship canal from Seattle to Lake Washington, and the other to a ship canal from the Great Lakes with the Gulf of Mexico.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Medical authorities say that a considerable part of the breaking down among American residents in the Philippines is due to home-sickness.

The smallpox scare in London is assumed to be a hoax, proportions that of a official of a transatlantic steamship company says he fears that London will be in quarantine when King Edward is crowned.

Admiral Schley had a remarkable reception at the City Hall in Savannah on Saturday. He met and shook hands with thousands of people of all classes. The streets were packed with people, who cheered him with a will.

Emperor William's yacht Hohenzollern will come to New York to participate in the launching of the Kaiser's new yacht. Prince Henry of Prussia will also be present at the ceremony, as representative of Emperor William.

Parliament will open on Thursday, and the air is thick with rumors that the Salisbury government will invite defeat on the telephone scandal as a convenient method of washing its hands of the Boer war and its consequences.

The British government's call for volunteers to relieve the regiments in South Africa is meeting with no response because those answering the call would only be paid a shilling a day, while the yeomanry receive five shillings per day.

President Roosevelt and Attorney General Knox are reported to be in favor of the government practically exercising control over the railroads through the Interstate Commerce Commission, so as to check the increasing railroad combinations.

In the Neely-Rathbone postal fraud trial at Havana, on Saturday, H. H. Reeves, in reply to a question of the court, said he did not get any portion of the \$15,000 from the stamp-burning incident. Reeves said Neely told him he had given it all to Rathbone.

Mr. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, while in Washington on Saturday made the announcement that he would run for Governor of Kentucky, and, to quote him, "There will be but one candidate."

Mr. Watterson is to call on Mr. Andrew Carnegie and interest him in a home for aged and worn out newspaper men.

As a result of a collision between a passenger and a freight on the Southern Railway at an early hour yesterday morning near Reeves station, Ga., twenty miles north of Rome, Ga., Mrs. M. L. North, wife of a farmer, was injured, her companion, E. Romaine, an engineer was killed, and three other employees of the road were injured.

Henry Pearlstein, his wife and five children, ranging in age from one and a half to twelve years, were burned to death at an early hour yesterday morning in Buffalo, N. Y., by a fire that destroyed a two-story frame building.

Joseph Sapowski, who owned the building, and Karl Braekel, his brother-in-law, have been arrested pending an investigation. Sapowski carried an insurance of \$9,000 on the building and its contents.

According to information from Catholic Church authorities in Washington plans are rapidly maturing for the practical solution of the difficulty regarding the friars in the Philippines. Archbishop Ireland, it is said, has made the proposal that the United States deal directly with Rome in the matter. The proposal is to send a commission of prominent Americans to Rome, with authority from President Roosevelt to act as plenipotentiaries, and to determine terms of prompt settlement.

Two members of the Army Hospital Corps, stationed at the Washington Barracks, were arrested last night in connection with an alleged robbery reported to the police by Miss Annie Farley, who gives her address as 207 Arch street, Philadelphia. She alleged that she was accosted by a soldier, who touched her shoulder, and she was almost simultaneously knocked to the ground by a blow from the rear. When she recovered her senses, she said, she was in the Holmes Hotel, a negro establishment, on Virginia avenue southwest. She says she then discovered that she had been robbed.

Rev. Thomas G. Wall, chaplain of the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, died suddenly of heart disease after performing a marriage ceremony in that institution yesterday.

MR. CROKER RETIRES.—Mr. Richard Croker announced his retirement from the formal leadership of Tammany Hall on Saturday afternoon. The announcement was made at the meeting of the executive committee at which the plan of organization for the year 1902 was agreed upon.

Mr. Lewis Nixon was chosen as Mr. Croker's successor at the latter's request as the chairman of the finance committee. This position, by long usage, carries with it the leadership of the organization. Mr. Nixon accepted the nomination in a speech promising to do his utmost to build up the depleted Tammany organization.

Mr. Nixon is a native of Leesburg, Va., a graduate of the Naval Academy, designer of battleships, and now a successful shipbuilder.

The High Street Baptist Church, of Charlottesville, was dedicated yesterday afternoon.

A Norfolk man claims to have invented an electrical device by which a speed of 400 miles an hour may be attained by an electric car.

"Westover," the colonial home of Col. William Byrd, on James river, is being restored as it was originally by its present owner, William C. Ramsey.

The mayoralty campaign in Richmond opened with a bitter attack on Mayor Taylor by City Accountant McCarthy, who also scored the city council and the local newspapers.

About 150 female operatives at the silk mills of John N. Stearns & Sons in Petersburg on Saturday struck for higher wages. They were receiving \$3 per week and struck for 75 cents per day.

A warrant has been sworn out for F. H. Fitzgerald, clerk in the supply department of the Southern Railway in Richmond, charging him with the embezzlement of some \$1,800 worth of stamps and property of the company. He cannot be found. His home is in Manchester.

It is believed that some important appointments will be made in this State by President Roosevelt in a very short time. On whom these will fall it is a matter of conjecture, but there is an impression some of them may cause a degree of surprise in political and official circles.

Fire in Norfolk on Saturday night destroyed the block between Matthews, Fayette and Main streets, impeding at one time the Southern Express Company's cars and Grady & Taylor's building, as well as several wholesale houses. It destroyed an entire square of shacks stocked with liquor and oil.

Frank James, a prosperous farmer living near Hamilton, killed himself on Saturday. He left the house about 12 o'clock to feed some hogs, and a short time later was found by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Fulton, in an outhouse with his throat cut. The razor he had used was found by his side and he died at 5 o'clock that afternoon.

John W. Starke, of Company B, Seventieth Virginia Regiment, was arrested in Richmond on Saturday on the charge of sending obscene literature through the mails. The arrest grows out of an insulting advertisement card mailed from Richmond about a month ago to President Roosevelt. Starke was bailed for appearance on Tuesday.

He admits having written the couplet contained in the letter but declares that the picture with the obscene language printed on it was thrown on the floor, and must have been put in the envelope by somebody else.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

The Constitutional Convention spent Saturday in hard work, and there were no striking features, except the expunging from the record of Mr. Glanville's resignation from the committee on education on Friday, the refusal of the house to accept it, and every thing that was said in connection with the incident. The committee on expenditures and accounts recommended the payment of \$125 for extra services of librarian and janitor of the public library building. The account was allowed and ordered paid. Also recommended that no new committee clerks be selected to fill the places of those who had resigned.

The convention then took up the report of the committee on county government, and in spite of many amendments pushed it through to a final vote. The feature of the day in this connection was the adoption by the vote of 42 to 26 of an amendment to section 1, offered by Mr. Kezrell, providing that if the legislature decides to make commissioners of the revenue elective officers, they shall not be eligible for reelection. This reverses the action of Friday and leaves the section practically as it came from the committee of the whole.

Mr. Parks moved to provide that superintendents of the poor and county surveys should be appointed; the motion was adopted.

Section 2 was then adopted as perfected in committee of the whole, without any amendment. The "clunker" was also applied to it.

Section 3, providing for elections for county and district officers in November and giving sheriffs and other county officers four-year terms, except that clerks shall have a term of eight years, was adopted.

Section 4, relating to the general assembly, and 5, providing that no persons shall at the same time hold more than one of the offices mentioned in the article, were adopted without amendment.

Then, on motion of Chairman Barnes, the article, the seventh of the constitution, was unanimously adopted as a whole.

Two out of 12 articles in the constitution are now disposed of, the sixth, concerning the judiciary, being the other.

MRS. DENNIS IS CONSCIOUS.

Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis, the modiste who was murdered assaulted in her home in Washington on the night of the 9th of December, was able for the first time yesterday to make a statement. The police have been hopeful that what she would say would throw some light on the motive for the crime or lead to the discovery of the perpetrators, but Mrs. Dennis's statement contained nothing that would give any clue in either direction. She says she remembers nothing immediately preceding the attack upon her, and said the blow was struck while she was asleep, nor had she the remotest idea who committed the assault nor the motive for it.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.
Berlin, Jan. 13.—The Kaiser has given \$3,000 and the Empress the same amount for the construction of the German Catholic church in Smyrna.

Beniguet, France, Jan. 13.—Mayor Lavigne, probably the oldest city official in the world, died here today. He was 105 years of age.

Nice, Jan. 13.—An astronomer at the Nice observatory states that yesterday evening, after the moon had set, the brilliancy of Venus was so intense that it was shadows on the wall of the observatory. This is the first time the phenomenon was observed.

Bucharest, Jan. 13.—The police have captured the celebrated brigand, Luke Babeanu, who during thirty years of outlawry has committed 580 murders and 3,000 recorded robberies. Babeanu has operated over the entire Balkan peninsula. He was suspected of complicity in the abduction of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary taken by brigands on September 3, but this he denies.

Prince Henry's Visit.
New York, Jan. 13.—The coming visit to the United States of Prince Henry, Kaiser Wilhelm's brother, will make the coming of a series of brilliant entertainments here and elsewhere. On the arrival of the imperial party in New York, the Prince will be received by representatives of the President and of the army and navy, and by a military escort. Before he lands a salute of 21 guns, the number given to the President, will be fired. At the launching of the imperial yacht, which will be christened by Miss Alice Roosevelt, his address will be answered by the President. When he reaches Washington he will be received by the President and will be invited to the house of the nation. He may prefer to go to the German Embassy. Mr. Roosevelt will subsequently invite him to a dinner, which will be attended by the most prominent men of the country. German-Americans in New York are already doing their share in the honor of the Prince. Their reception will probably take the form of a great "Kommers." Work on the Kaiser's schooner yacht is being pushed at Shooters Island. The craft will be ready for the launching about February 26.

Determined to Wed the Prince.
Rome, Jan. 13.—Mrs. Parkhurst, of Bangor, Maine, and Washington D. C., is not at all discouraged by her efforts to marry Prince Leopold of Belgium. The Prince is willing to be wed, but both he and Mrs. Parkhurst wish to have the marriage celebrated in the Catholic church. Mrs. Parkhurst is a divorcee. Her only hope was to have her marriage with Mr. Parkhurst, which was performed by Archbishop Chappelle, annulled by the church. In pursuance of this hope, she claimed she had no recollection of receiving a dispensation for her marriage to Mr. Parkhurst, who was a Protestant. The Vatican investigated and found that dispensation had been obtained. Mrs. Parkhurst today asked that her marriage to Mr. Parkhurst be annulled by the Church on the ground that he was an atheist. Should this prove to be the case, Mrs. Parkhurst will win her prince.

To Boycott the St. Louis Fair.
St. Louis, Jan. 13.—A boycott has been placed upon the World's Fair by the Central Trades and Labor Union. Resolutions were reported by a committee and were adopted without a dissenting voice. After recapitulating the failure of organized labor to get a hearing from the directors, and specifying a number of grievances under which trades organizations rest, the resolutions conclude: "That inasmuch as the World's Fair directors of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition refuse to recognize organized labor therefore we recommend that all labor unions, their members and friends of organized labor, withhold payment of any more assessments on stock in said company until such time as they recognize organized labor."

Train Collision.
Chicago, Jan. 13.—Passenger train No. 21, of the Pennsylvania system, traveling at 40 miles an hour, crashed into the rear end of the Cincinnati special which was waiting to cross at 5th and Erie streets last night. Two persons were injured seriously and the 200 passengers on both trains hurried from their seats by the impact were thrown into a panic. The engine of the rear train was demolished and the front car at the rear of the forward train was telescoped after catching fire and burning to the trucks.

PUTS SOUL IN SPINAL COLUMN.—Prof. Lombard, of Ann Arbor, instructor of physiology in the University of Michigan, believes that he has located the dwelling place of the soul in the spinal column. He has arrived at this conclusion after many months of experiments with frogs. Results of the last few days' experiments seem to demonstrate that death through the medium of the brain does not terminate the control of muscles. On Thursday the professor produced before his class a live frog from which he had removed the brain. It was then suspended by its lower jaw. An hour later a drop of acetic acid was touched to its foot. Instantly the frog began to jerk and to twitch to get away from the stings of the acid. Friday, twenty-four hours later, a tiny bit of filter paper, saturated with the acid, was placed against the body, now dry and shriveled. The frog kicked with both legs and dislodged the paper. Placed upon its back the paper was shaken off. Every time it was placed on any part of the body the legs started flying. Prof. Lombard calls this activity "reason movements," and will continue the post mortem experiments for the purpose of ascertaining how far the reasoning intellect may go.

The Market.
Georgetown, Jan. 13.—Wheat 75c.92.

Children Especially Liable.
Burns, bruises and cuts are extremely painful and if neglected often result in blood poisoning. Children are especially liable to such mishaps because not so careful. As a remedy Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured my baby of eczema after two physicians gave her up. I bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and the money was in a pocketbook in a box on a table near the bed. The police are more mystified than ever over the affair."

Mrs. Dennis's condition yesterday was very much improved, and the attending physicians now believe she will recover.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquer Croup, Whooping Cough and Measles Cough without fail. Best for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Grippe, Pneumonia, Consumption and Lung Affections. Gives quick, sure results. Price 25c. Sold by Richard Gilson and all druggists.

DIED.
Monday, January 13, 1902, at her parents' residence, 516 O'Connell street, COLE MARY BRIDGE, born August 20, 1893, and daughter of J. H. and Ida C. Brasse. Funeral Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

IN MEMORIAM.
In loving remembrance of SALLIE J. MARTIN, who departed this life January 13, 1902, one year ago today. Gone, but not forgotten. By Her Sisters.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 13.
SENATE.
In the Senate today the Hepburn trans isthmian canal bill was reported from the House.

Mr. Mason introduced a bill providing for the regulation of duties imposed on articles from Cuba imported into the United States; also a resolution providing in brief that the United States should give Cuba broad commercial reciprocal trade, which upon his motion was laid upon the table. He gave notice that he would speak upon the motion at the conclusion of morning business Tuesday.

Mr. Dubois introduced a joint resolution providing for the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people.

Mr. Hale introduced a resolution relative to the appointment of a committee of seven Senators to inquire into the war in the Philippines.

Mr. Nelson called up the bill providing for the establishment of a department of commerce.

In speaking on the bill, and advocating its passage, Mr. Nelson held that inasmuch as the great problem of the future with the leading countries of the world was that of securing greater markets abroad, the method by which this might be more readily secured for the United States was in the establishment of such a department as the bill provided for. Other countries, he contended, had such departments, and thereby were enabled to secure certain trade that belonged to the United States.

Mr. Hale objected to the consideration of the bill at this time.

Mr. Nelson agreed to the bill going over to some future date.

At 1:50 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

At 3:10 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.
District of Columbia matters claimed the attention of the House today after the opening preliminaries had been disposed of.

The pension appropriation bill was taken up by the House after the District of Columbia bills had been reported and passed upon.

During the discussion of the pension appropriation bill, Mr. Grosvener, denounced a report issued by a committee of the G. A. R. which was a personal attack upon himself and other members who voted last year against the measure giving preference to the appointment of old soldiers.

Mr. Taibott made half an hour's speech against the pension laws as they are now administered.

OUTRAGED AND WOUNDED.
Lynchburg is excited over one of the most dastardly crimes ever perpetrated in that city. Mrs. Ralph Webber, a young married lady, was outraged and desperately wounded by an unknown negro man early Saturday morning while in her house shortly after her husband had left for his place of business. The negro stepped from behind a door where he had hid himself and seized her by the throat, at the same time threatening to kill her instantly if she made the slightest sound. The brute having her in his clutches, dragged her to the floor and choking her, he placed his knee on her head and with a knife cut her throat almost from ear to ear. From an examination of the wound made later by a physician, it is believed that her throat was twice cut, the first attempt being only partially successful, although three deep cuts were made. The second time the fiend cut the skin and tissue for a length of at least five inches, making a terrible wound, and puncturing the jugular vein. Mrs. Webber, treated heroically, is now lying in the hospital, her life hanging by a thread, and her hands gashed, the left thumb being cut and the ball of the middle finger of the right hand being nearly sliced off. In addition to this, she has a big laceration on her right temple, where the fiend's knee rested.

The negro disappeared, and Mrs. Webber, although desperately wounded, with the blood pouring from the gash in her throat, crawled to the front window, which she raised, and got on the porch. Supporting herself as best she could by means of the porch rail, the front gate and the fence, she staggered to the next house above, which is occupied by Mrs. R. B. Wood. She called for help as she went and managed to reach her neighbor's door, where she fainted from loss of blood and fell to the ground. Her cries had been heard by a colored man and help was summoned, a physician and nurses soon being at hand. Her wounds were dressed, and her condition is reported as favorable. Mrs. Webber is about 25 years old and a native of Lynchburg, N. C., but has lived in Lynchburg several years. About a year ago she married Mr. Ralph Webber, who came from Saco, Me., and went to Lynchburg.

The fiend was captured in Lynchburg yesterday. He proved to be a negro named Joseph H. Floyd, who had been a janitor of Floyd school house for the past two years. The demonstration against him was so great that the authorities were compelled to take him to Bosque for safe-keeping.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.
Mrs. Addie L. Richardson, a handsome young widow, was placed on trial at Plattesburg today for her life. She is accused of the murder of her millionaire husband, Frank W. Richardson, a merchant of Savannah, Missouri, on Christmas eve a year ago. Richardson was shot dead and Mrs. Richardson, so far as has been proved, was the only person in the house at the time and some of the circumstances connected with the case have caused the widow to be suspected.

Fire at Syracuse, N. Y., this afternoon destroyed the Washington block in South Salina street, Central City Machine Hall, and several stores were badly damaged. The loss is \$10,000. Albert S. Soria, a prominent Mason, was killed by falling walls and several firemen and policemen were injured.

Fire started in the elevator of the American Maltine Company at Chicago, at 2 o'clock this morning, and the entire structure was soon in flames. The fire started in a 300,000 bushel of barley and malt. The estimated loss is from \$250,000 to \$300,000.

DRY GOODS. LANSBURGH & BRO., Washington's Favorite Store.

Business Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 o'clock.

New Silk Foulards.

For spring of 1902. It is by far the handsomest display we have ever shown, and prices are extremely interesting.

Satin Foulards, with bright and beautiful luster, handsomely printed, including the leading shades of navy, French blue, reds, gray, old rose, castor, tan, black and white, and a good many others. Full 24 inches wide. Special Price..... 59c

From the looms of the world-famous Clary Bros. is a lot of imported printed tans of silk, satin, liberty, satin foulards, and India. Any combination that your taste may suggest. Full 24 inches wide; 75c yard.

Printed Satin Foulard, our own importation. The tan is the most gorgeous; all the leading shades. Full 24 inches wide; \$1 value. Special..... 85c

New 1902 Wash Silk, in any colored corded effect you can suggest, including white, jasper, tan, castor, moss, gray, and white. 58c value. Special..... 45c

Free Daily Deliveries to Alexandria.

Lansburgh & Bro., 420 to 426 Seventh street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MUNETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, Jan. 13.—The stock market opened weak under the impetus of the selling movement which set in near the close on Saturday. Declines were, however, wholly professional.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA.
Flour Extra..... 3 75 to 3 15
Family..... 3 50 to 3 90
Panic brands..... 4 00 to 4 90
Wheat, longberry..... 0 70 to 0 76
Mixed..... 0 68 to 0 74
Corn, yellow..... 0 70 to 0 74
Damp and tough..... 0 65 to 0 68
Mixed..... 0 63 to 0 65
Yellow..... 0 65 to 0 68
Rye..... 0 50 to 0 56
Oats, mixed..... 0 45 to 0 48
White..... 0 48 to 0 50
Elgin Print Butter..... 0 23 to 0 24
Butter, Virginia, packed..... 0 18 to 0 20
Choice Virginia..... 0 20 to 0 22
Common to middling..... 0 10 to 0 12
Eggs..... 0 25 to 0 26
Live Chickens (hens)..... 0 84 to 0 10
Spring du..... 0 11 to 0 12
Turkey..... 0 11 to 0 12
Dressed Turkey, drawn..... 0 13 to 0 14
"undrawn..... 0 11 to 0 12
Dressed Chickens, drawn..... 0 10 to 0 12
Bellefleur Virginia..... 0 94 to 0 100
Apples..... 3 50 to 4 00
Potatoes, Va., bush..... 0 90 to 1 00
Sweet Potatoes, bbl..... 2 90 to 3 00
Onions, per bushel..... 1 25 to 1 50
Chestnuts..... 0 5 to 0 6
Dried Apples..... 0 3 to 0 5
Beacon, county hams..... 0 124 to 0 13
Best sugar-cured hams..... 0 124 to 0 13
Butcher's..... 0 12 to 0 13
Breakfast Bacon..... 0 13 to 0 14
Sugar-cured shoulders..... 0 9 to 0 94
Bulk shoulders..... 0 84 to 0 84
Dry Salted..... 0 84 to 0 84
Fat back..... 0 8 to 0 84
Bacon..... 0 84 to 0 94
Smoked sides..... 0 84 to 0 94
Smoked sides..... 0 94 to 1 0

List of Unclaimed Letters.
The following is a list of the letters remaining in the Alexandria, Va., postoffice on January 13, 1902:
Baker, Mrs. J. Duggett, Mrs. Katie
Balemy, Samuel T. Johnson, Peter
Bryan, Mrs. Mary Kirk, Mrs. J. H.
Carter, J. H. Myers, G. F. A.
Daniel, Cortez Richards, (2) Mrs. R.
JOS. L. CRUPPER, P. M.

LOST—A GOLD PIN in shape of horse shoe, and whip, crossed in knot of horse shoe. No. 506 Price a reward if returned No. 506 Price a reward if returned.

R. F. Knox, Auctioneer.
BY virtue of a decree of the Corporation Court for the city of Alexandria, rendered on the 9th day of January, 1902, in the ex parte case of O. A. Whitley et al. ex et al. vs. O. A. Whitley et al., the undersigned commissioners will sell at public auction on

SATURDAY, the 1st day of February, 1902, at 12 o'clock M., at the Royal street entrance to the Market Building in the city of Alexandria, the following described real